

YIT – Creating better living environments

Roadshow London September 8, 2016

Kari Kauniskangas, President & CEO Hanna Jaakkola, VP, Investor Relations



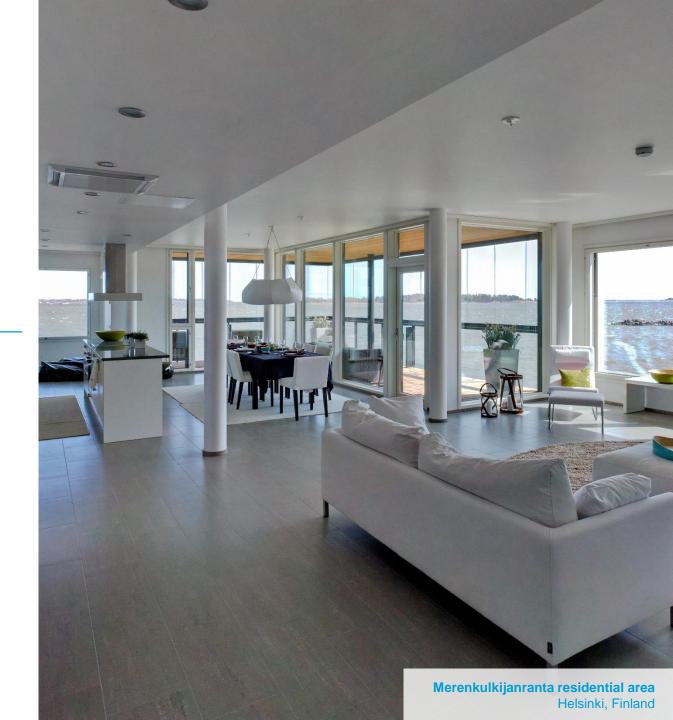
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YIT in brief



Over 100 years in Finland, over 50 in Russia, growing presence in CEE



Allmänna Ingeniörsbyrån Ab (AIB) establishes office in Helsinki

Operations in Russia begin

YIT becomes Finland's No.1 construction company

Expansion to the Baltics and CEE in construction services

2006→

Entry to Poland

1912

1961

1980's

2000's

2015

1960's

Today's YIT started to form from 3 companies: Perusyhtymä, Yleinen Insinööritoimisto Ov and Insinööritoimisto

Vesto Oy

1995

YIT Corporation listed on the Stock Exchange

> Investments in land bank and residential development in Russia

2013

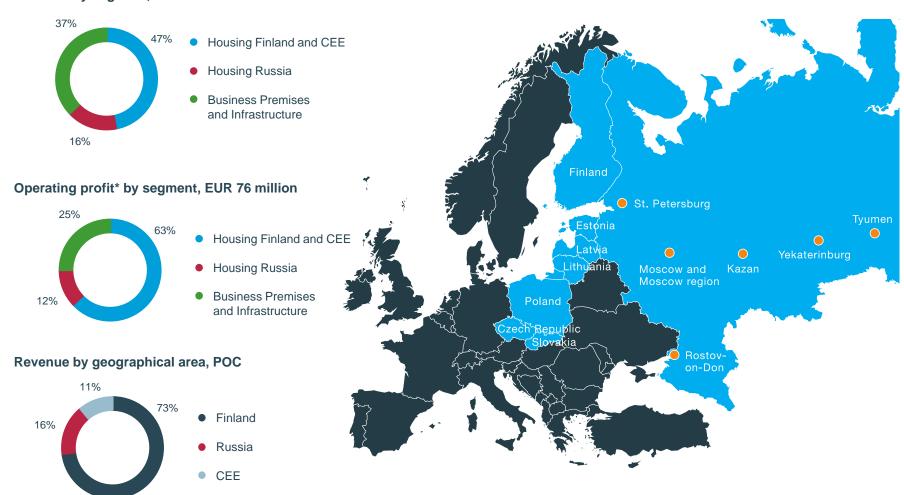
Demerger of **Building Services:**

- Both companies large enough to grow independently
- · Different strategies
- and business models
- Meaningful geographical overlap only in Finland
- Better management focus in separate companies



A real estate developer and construction company with solid track record

Revenue by segment, EUR 1.7 bn



Figures based on segment reporting (POC), %-shares excluding other items *Excluding adjustments.



Balanced business portfolio

	Housing Finland and CEE	Housing Russia	Business Premises and Infrastructure
BUSINESS	We construct and develop apartments and entire residential areas.	We construct and develop apartments and entire residential areas, we operate in service- and maintenance business.	We build offices, commercial spaces, care facilities, logistics buildings, roads, bridges, rail and metro stations, harbours and do road maintenance.
OPERATING COUNTRIES	Finland, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Slovakia, the Czech Republic and Poland	7 regions in Russia: St. Petersburg, Moscow, Moscow region, Yekaterinburg, Tyumen, Kazan, Rostov-on-Don	Business Premises: Finland, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Slovakia Infrastructure: Finland
CUSTOMERS	Households, private and institutional investors	Mostly households	Companies, public sector, institutional investors
MAIN COMPETITORS	Lemminkäinen, SRV, Skanska, NCC, Merko Ehitus, local players in different countries	PIK, LSR, Etalon, SU-155, Lemminkäinen, NCC, local players in different cities	Lemminkäinen, SRV, Skanska, NCC, Merko Ehitus, Destia, Kreate, Peab etc.



Why invest in YIT?



Key investment propositions

√ Good track record

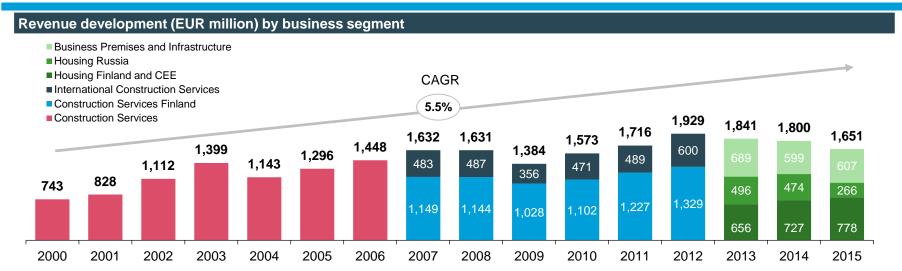
One of the most profitable construction companies in Europe throughout the business cycle, clearly the most profitable in Finland

- ✓ Getting back to the profitable growth trend EBIT expected to start to improve already in 2016, trends and drivers provide long-term growth opportunities
- ✓ Firm dividend payer
 Dividend payout target 40-60% of net profit for the period
- ✓ Strong market position and long experience Market leader in Finland, biggest foreign residential developer in Russia and one of the top players in CEE, over 100 years in Finland and over 50 years in Russia
- ✓ Solid corporate governance and high ethical standards in all operating countries

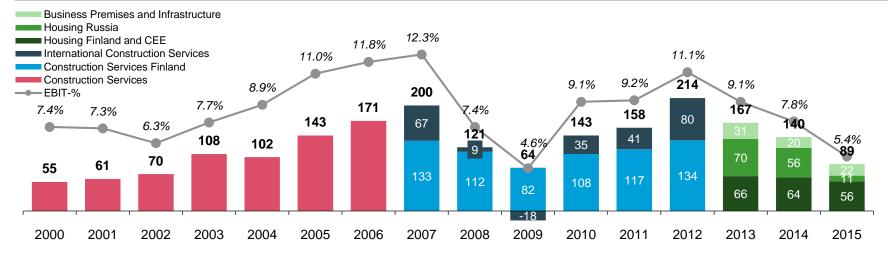




Revenue growth and healthy profitability through economic cycles



Operating profit (EBIT) development (EUR million) by business segment, excluding group costs and adjustments



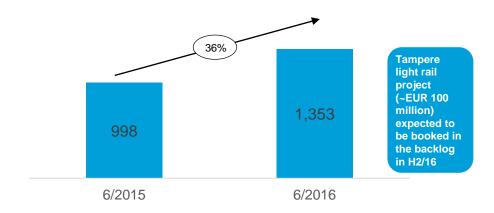
Note: Segment level figures (POC), i.e. sum of Construction Services related segment figures in YIT financial reporting and thus excluding effect of other items.



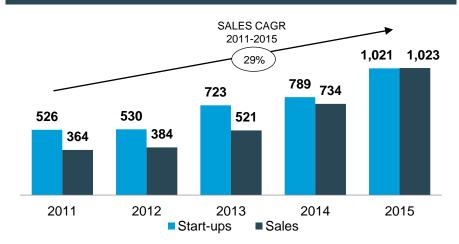
YIT getting back to the profitable growth trend

- Strong growth in the backlog of Business Premises and Infrastructure with improved margin content (37% of 2015 revenue)
- Investment in the growth in CEE to continue (11% of 2015 revenue) - first project in Poland expected to start in Q2/2016
- First positive signs in consumer demand in Finnish housing in Q1: Consumer sales +16% y-o-y, start-ups increased clearly
- Mix shift in Housing Finland and CEE supportive for profitability

Order backlog of Business Premises and Infrastructure, EUR million



Apartment start-ups and sales in CEE, units





Our answers

Trends and drivers provide long-term growth opportunities

Growing need for new apartments, services and infrastructure

New business opportunities

Divergent economic development in our operating countries

Metropolitan areas growing and becoming denser, migration to growth centres

Urbanisation

Need for infrastructure and mixed use construction

Demographic Changes

Ageing population

Smaller family sizes and growing number of households

Digitalisation

Consumers demand services 24/7 online

New services for occupancy time increase

Need for more flexible work premises

Poor condition of buildings and infrastructure

Significant need for renovation construction

The emptying of office properties in Finland creates opportunities for changing the uses of buildings

Positive economic development in the **CEE** countries

In Europe's fastestgrowing economies, residential demand is growing and business premises construction activity is picking up

Recession in Russia

The challenging economic situation in Russia creates uncertainty in residential demand

Fundamental need for new apartments

We focus on growth centres in all of our operating countries

We invest in hybrid projects

We are active in the construction of care facilities

We focus on small and affordable apartments

We develop the digital YIT Plus service

We focus on building and developing concepts for flexible premises

We invest in renovation construction

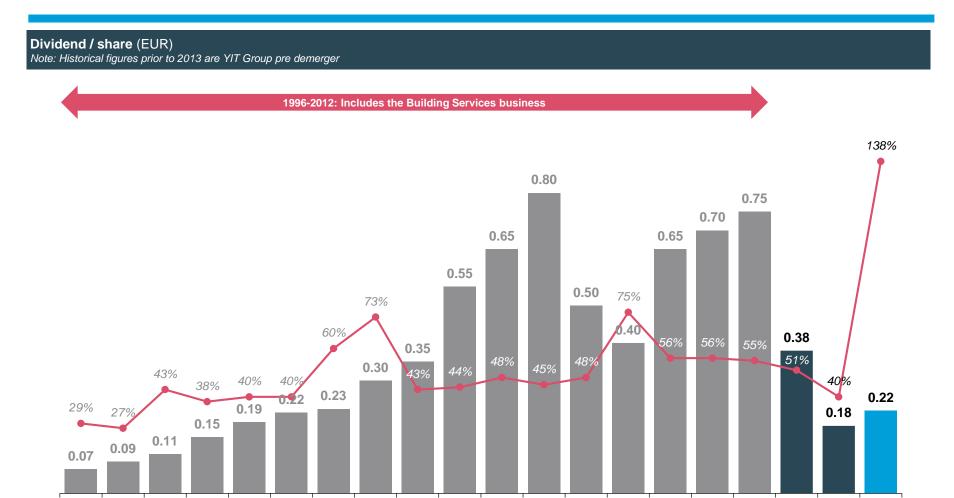
In infrastructure projects, we develop our alliance and PPP project expertise

We focus on growth in the CEE countries in both residential and business premises construction

We reduce our sales risk in Russia and focus on building small, affordable apartments



Firm dividend payer, payout target 40-60% of net profit





2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014

1999

2000

2001

2002

2003 2004

Dividend, EUR

2005

2006 2007

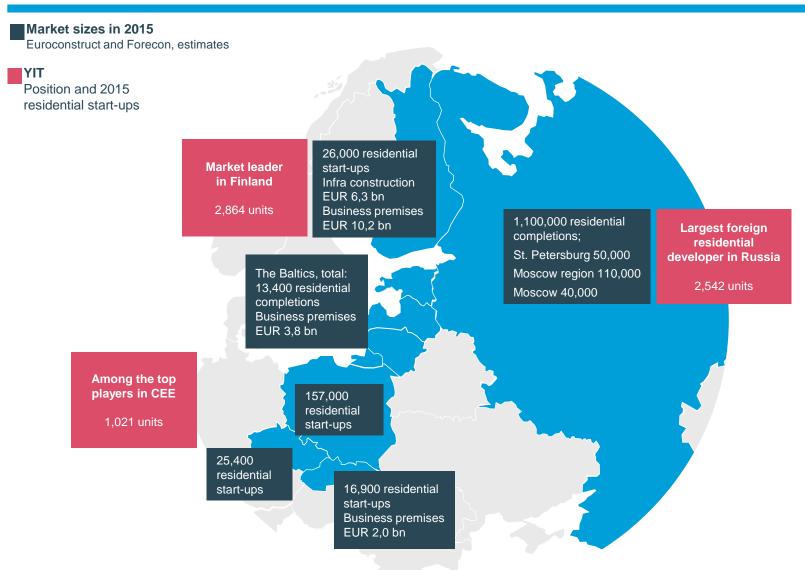
---Payout ratio, %

1996

1997

1998

Strong market position in all markets



YIT's competitive edges



- ✓ High-quality brand and reputation as a reliable company
- ✓ Innovative concepts and effective design management
- ✓ Strong plot reserve and development capabilities
- ✓ Broad special expertise and strong references
- ✓ Ability to construct demanding projects that combine housing, business premises and infrastructure
- ✓ Broad partner network and excellent cooperation with stakeholders

"Best developer in Finland". Euromoney Real Estate Survey 2015

"Developer of the year 2014" in the Czech Republic

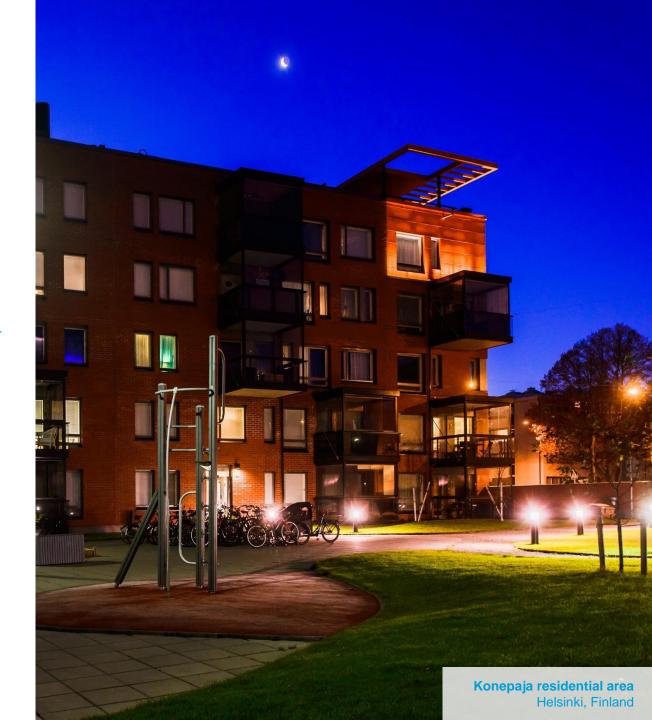
"Real estate developer of the year 2015" in Slovakia

"Best Housing Project 2014" in Latvia, Lithuania and Slovakia



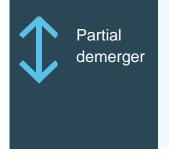
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Strategy and business model



Strategic roadmap - focus shifting towards profitability and growth





1 Foundation for new YIT laid and development programmes launched 2 Solid foundation for future growth

More balanced geographical footprint, higher share of projects with high added value



Balanced growth initiatives

Strategic focus areas:

Improving profitability

- Optimising the business mix
- Cost adjustments in Russia

Growth initiatives

- Secured major projects and more high value added projects
- Accelerating growth in CEE, entry to Poland
- More affordable apartments

Raising capital efficiency

- Completing the capital release program
- Further increasing the role of partnerships
- Reducing invested capital in Russia

CEE and Helsinki metropolitan area

HOUSING

High profitability, higher capital intensity

BALANCED, PROFITABLE GROWTH

- Better risk tolerance
- Lower cyclicality and risk profile
- Economies of scale and business synergies

DRIVERS

Urbanisation Sustainability Digitalisation

BUSINESS PREMISES AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Stable profitability and cash flow Low capital intensity

High value added projects



2015: Strong cash flow, balance sheet strengthened

Long-term financial targets	2015	2014
Revenue growth 5 - 10% annually on average	-8%, -3% at comp. exchange rates	-3%, 2% at comp. exchange rates
Return on investment 15%	5.3%	7.7%
Operating cash flow after investments sufficient for dividend payout and debt reduction	EUR 184 million	EUR 152 million
Equity ratio 40%	35.5%	32.4%
Dividend payout 40 to 60% of net profit for the period	137.5%	40.0%

All figures according to segment reporting (POC), unless otherwise noted



Clearly higher EBIT needed to reach the targeted ROI



Dependence on market development



Long value chain with core competences in-house

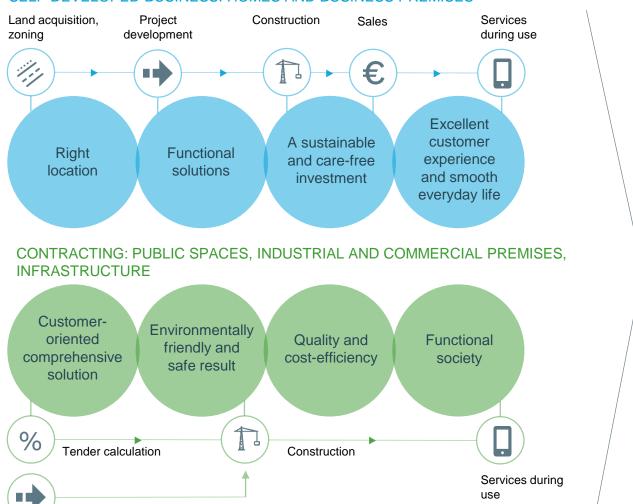
Strategic inputs **Outputs Impacts**, 2015: SELF-DEVELOPED BUSINESS Plots in good locations **SUSTAINABLE** AND ATTRACTIVE Homes LIVING Land Project Construction Services **ENVIRONMENT** acquisition, development durina Diverse financing solutions zoning use 0.22 **Business** Highly competent personnel and premises Sales and **←**ú efficient processes Dividend/share, rental operations **EUR CONTRACTING** 5,430 **Public** % References Own employees spaces Tender Services Construction calculation during Industrial and commercial **Partners** 10 premises Winning the tender Infra-Corporate taxes, Highly competent personnel and ---**EUR** million structure **4** efficient processes Project

development



How do we create value for our customers and shareholders?

SELF-DEVELOPED BUSINESS: HOMES AND BUSINESS PREMISES









Project development

Business model in self-developed housing varies between countries

Finland Russia DD & market analysis Plot Zoning Zoning development Permitting Permitting · Social infra and • Design utilities planning management · Design mgmt Construction Duration 12-15 months Duration 14-20 months • 1 phase: <50 • 1 phase: >100 apartments apartments **Sales** Own sales network. · Own sales network, • ~80% sold before completion • ~80% sold before completion Sales tactics & price mgmt Sales tactics & price mgmt · Plot acquisitions financed with debt/cash Cash flow · Plot acquisitions financed with debt/cash Pre-agreements subject to zoning · Payments increasingly in instalments profile • In large area projects, payments in instalments · Construction financed mostly with customer During construction customers pay 15% down payments



100% upfront payments in most of the deals

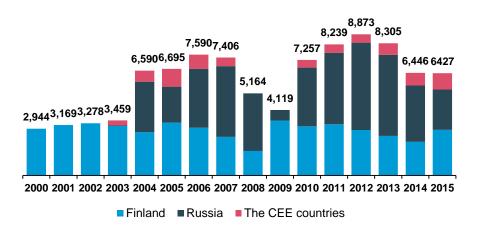
payments at signing

Construction financed mostly by selling receivables

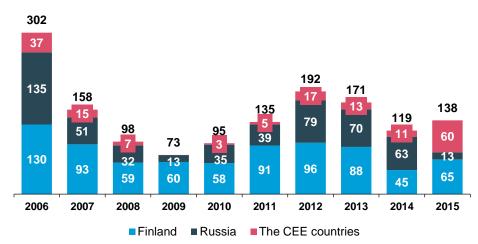
Capital efficiency and flexibility play a key role in the business model

- Good ability to manage cash flow
 - Start-ups and plot investments can be adjusted; existing plot reserve provides a good base for the coming years
- Flexibility in production costs
 - Both own personnel and subcontractors at construction sites
 - Use of rental equipment to manage the volatility in production volumes
 - · Temporary layoffs possible in Finland
- Towards more efficient use of capital
 - More plot co-operation, involving YIT developing projects on leased land
 - Plot payments increasingly in instalments
 - Sharing the responsibility for financing by using joint ventures and project financing
 - Effective management of sales risk
 - Capital release programme continues actively until the end of 2016

Housing start-ups 2000-2015 (units)



Cash flow of plot investments 2006-2015 (EUR million)





Almost 90% of the capital release program completed

Target for capital release	Actions in Q2/2016	Cumulative progress since 9/2013
Reducing the inventory of unsold completed apartments in Finland >EUR 50 million	 Active sales covering a wide variety of apartments, EUR ~20 million 	
Selling self-developed business premises projects in Finland (under construction) EUR 80 million		
Slow-moving assets >EUR 150 million*	Several smaller deals in Russia and CEE: EUR around 3 million	 EUR ~94* million sold or agreed (not fully visible in revenue and cash flow yet)
New off-balance sheet partnership models in plot acquisitions >EUR 100 million		

^{*}Target set at the balance sheet rate at 9/2013: EUR/RUB 43.8240, cumulative progress calculated using the same EUR/RUB rate. Note: In addition to the progress presented in the table above, the slow-moving assets have been reduced by impairment of EUR 9 million made in Q4/2014 YIT | 24 | Investor presentation, September 2016



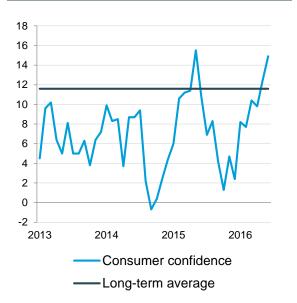
Housing Finland and CEE



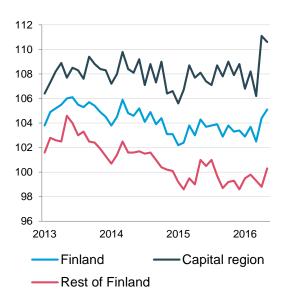
Housing Finland and CEE Operating environment in Finland in Q2

- Consumer confidence improved in Q2, visible also in housing demand
- Good investor demand continued
- Good demand especially for small, affordable apartments in the growth centres
- Mortgage interest rates stayed on a low level and margins continued to decrease
- The volume of new housing loans continued to increase

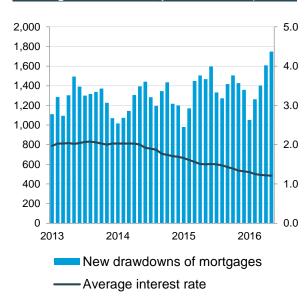
Consumer confidence 1/2013-6/2016



Prices of old apartments, index (2010=100)



New drawdowns of mortgages and average interest rate, (EUR million, %)

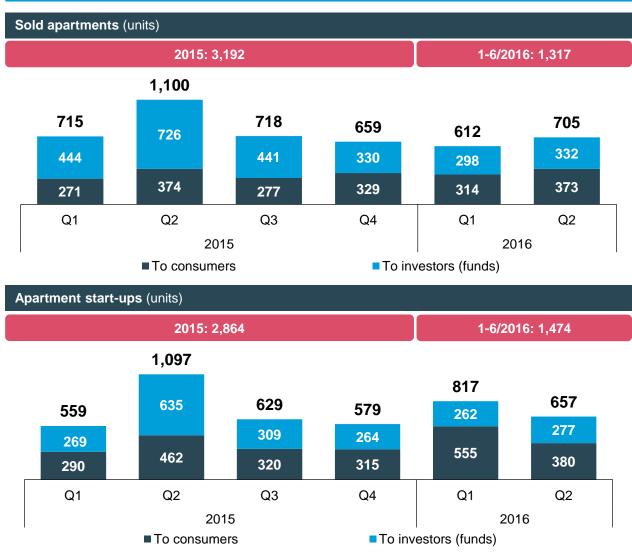


Sources: Statistics Finland and Bank of Finland



Housing Finland and CEE

Consumer sales and start-ups grew in Finland in H1 y-o-y



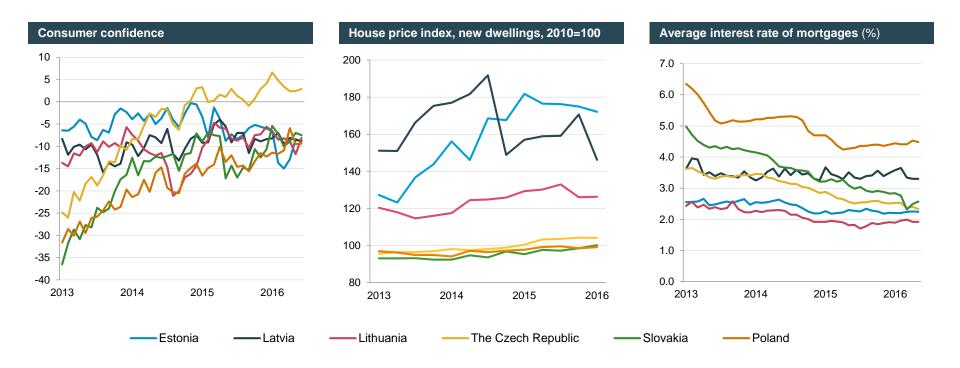
- Share of units sold to consumers up to 52% in H1/2016 (H1/2015: 36%)
- Smartti-concept launched in May, excellent demand in pre-marketing
- In July, sales to consumers at around 90 units (7/2015: around 90 units)



Housing Finland and CEE

Operating environment in the CEE countries in Q2

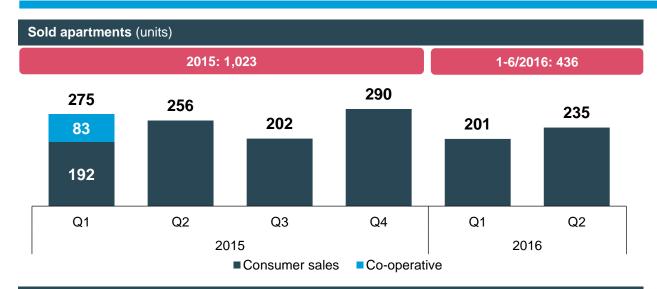
- Positive macro development continued and residential demand remained good
- Prices of new apartments remained relatively stable in the **CEE** countries
- Interest rates of mortgages have remained on a low level
- Consumers' access to financing has remained good

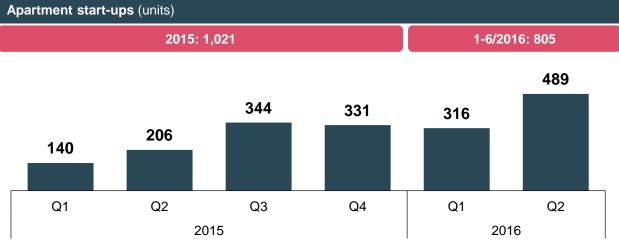


Sources: European Commission, Eurostat and National Central Banks



Housing Finland and CEE Start-ups increased in CEE in Q2



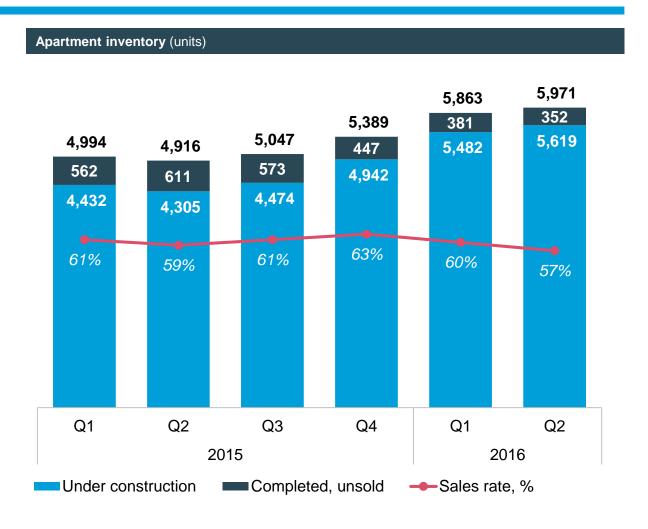


- Consumer sales (units) still modest in Q2/2016, higher sales expected in coming quarters due to strong start-ups
- Start-ups have been increased according to strategy
- First project started in Warsaw, Poland
- In July, sales to consumers at over 60 units (7/2015: around 60 units)



Housing Finland and CEE The production volume (units) continued to grow in Q2

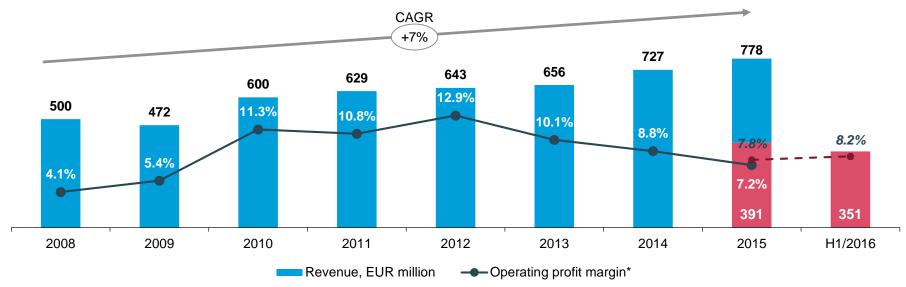
- Number of unsold completed apartments decreased to 237 in Finland (6/2015: 473)
- 57% of units under construction already sold moderating the sales risk
- The share of CEE of the sales portfolio (units) 49% (6/2015: 37%)





Housing Finland and CEE Target to improve profitability by increasing consumer sales

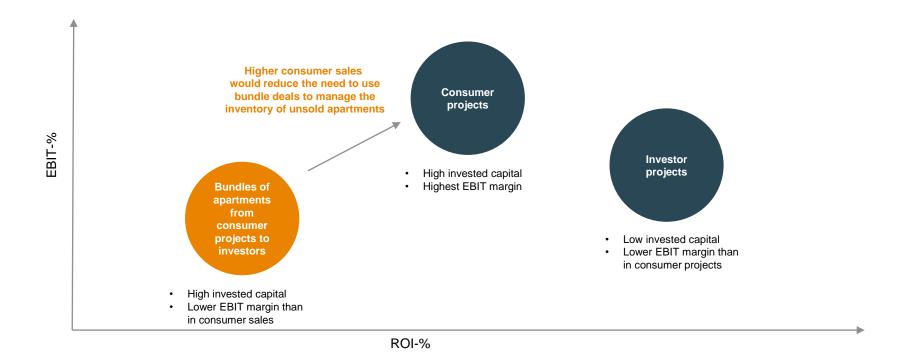
- The segment's profitability has been burdened by high share of investor deals in Finland and actions to release capital
 - Profitability started to improve in Q2/2016 due to less capital release actions
- Development in CEE has been positive
- Shifting focus from investor sales to consumer sales in Finland the key for profitability improvement, but will take time



^{*} Excluding adjustments. Note: The historical figures for 2008-2012 are calculated for illustrative purposes and are not completely comparable with YIT's segment structure. The main difference is in the division of fixed costs, which in the historical figures are weighted according to revenue and in the official figures are more accurately allocated according to each segments estimated true share of the fixed costs.

Impact of the mix in Finnish housing

 Target to increase the share of consumer sales by improving affordability of the apartments





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Housing Russia

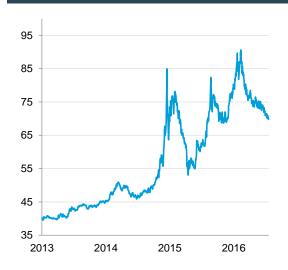


Housing Russia Operating environment in Q2

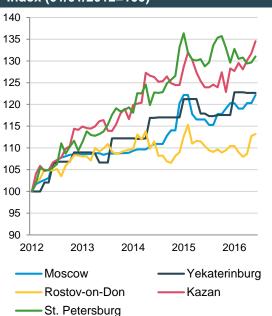
- The ruble strengthened during the quarter
- Demand focused especially on small apartments
- Residential prices remained stable, but decreased in real terms (CPI 6/2016: 7.5%)

- Mortgage subsidy program extended until the end of 2016
- Mortgage interest rates for new apartments at around 12%

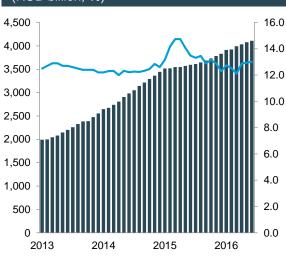
EUR/RUB exchange rate



Prices of new apartments, Index (01/01/2012=100)



Mortgage stock and average interest rate, (RUB billion, %)



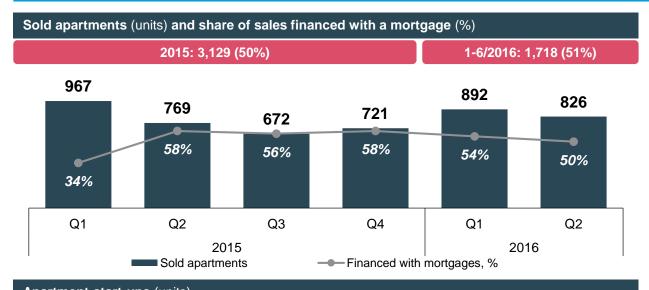
Mortgage stock (Ruble-denominated)

Average interest rate of new loans





Housing Russia Sales and start-ups





- Share of sales financed with mortgages high supported by the government's mortgage subsidy program
- In July, sales to consumers over 200 units (7/2015: around 200 units)



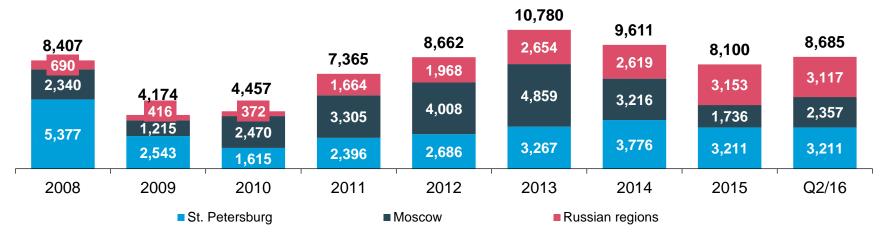


Housing Russia Sales risk has decreased

Apartment inventory at the end of the period, units



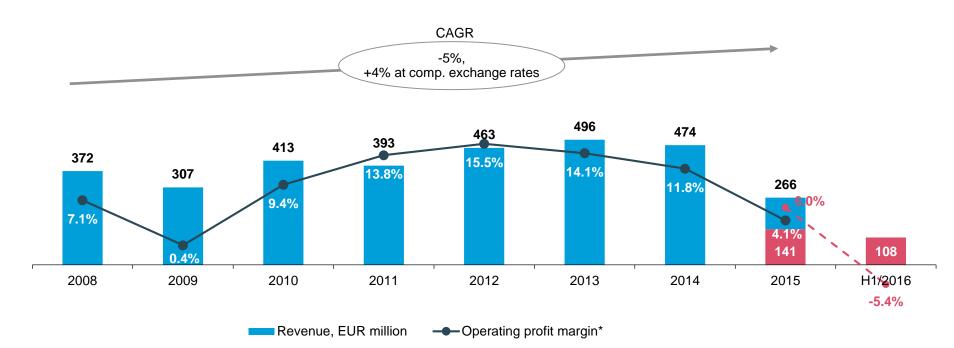
Apartments under construction by business unit at the end of the period, units





Housing Russia Margin pressure persists

- Defensive mode in Russia, risk level reduced
 - Maintaining ability to ramp up
- Target to reduce the operative invested capital by continuing active sales
- The aim is to have positive operating profit for H2/2016



^{*}Excluding adjustments

Note: The historical figures for 2008-2012 are calculated for illustrative purposes and are not completely comparable with YIT's segment structure. The main difference is in the division of fixed costs, which in the historical figures are weighted according to revenue and in the official figures are more accurately allocated according to each segments estimated true share of the fixed costs.

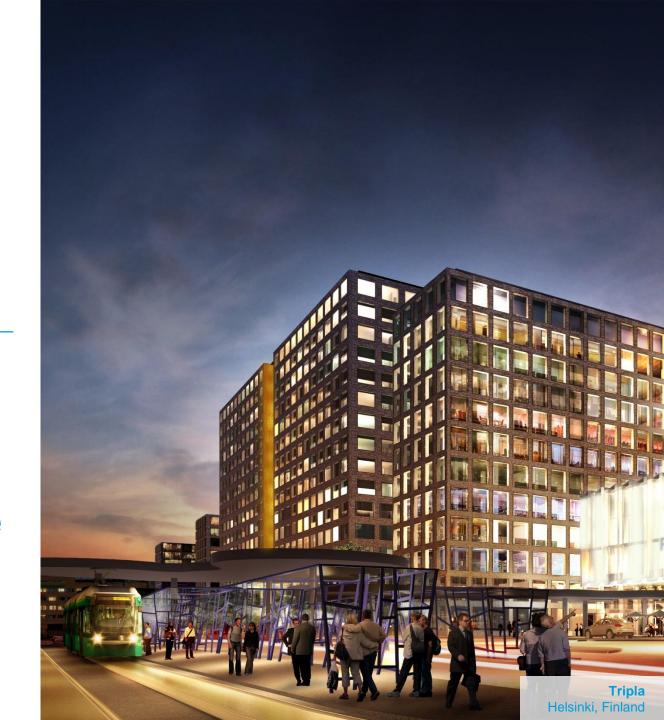
Defensive mode, maintaining ability to ramp up

	"New normal"	Significant deterioration in the operating environment	
Plot acquisitions	Carefully selected plot acquisitions	Stop plot acquisitions	
Start-ups	Maintain at least critical volume in all units	High selectivity	
Construction	As planned	Slowdown, however filling contractual obligations	
Pricing	Dynamic pricing to keep the sales in line with progress in construction	Accelerate sales with pricing	
Costs	Reduce fixed costs Redesign some projects	Restructuring and major adjustments of size of operations	



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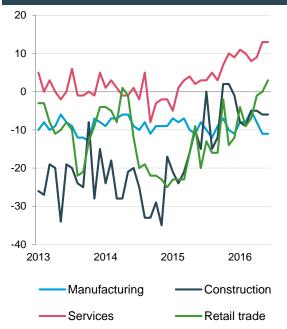
Business Premises and Infrastructure



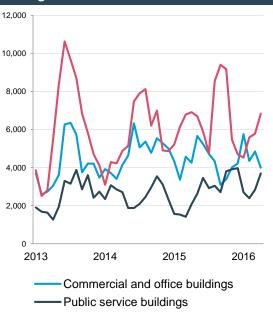
Business Premises and Infrastructure Operating environment in Q2

- Investor demand stable on a good level
- Competition for tenants remained intense
- The contracting market was active and several large projects were in tendering phase
- The volume of construction was increasing
- Positive macro outlook supported the business premises market in the CEE countries
 - Strongest market in Slovakia

Confidence indicators in Finland



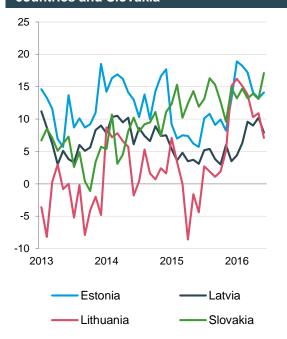
Start-ups in Finland, thousand m³, average last 3 months



Industrial buildings and warehouses

Sources: EK Confederation of Finnish Industries, Statistics Finland and European Commission

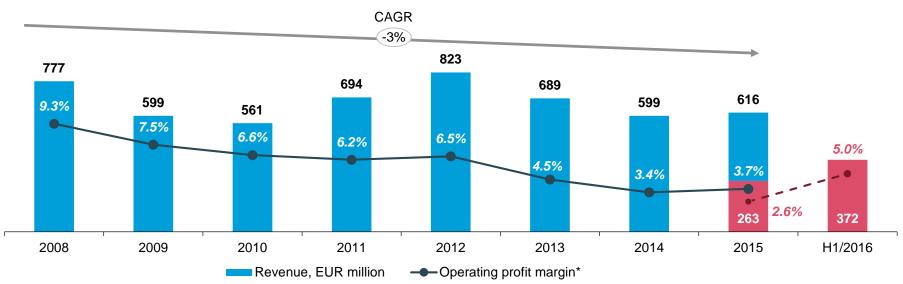
Retail trade confidence in the Baltic countries and Slovakia





Business Premises and Infrastructure Improving results

- Good progress in the segment in H1/2016
 - Increased revenue and improving profitability
- Solid order backlog, Q2/2016 +36% y-o-y, supports growth and profitability improvement



^{*} Excluding adjustments

Note: The historical figures for 2008-2012 are calculated for illustrative purposes and are not completely comparable with YIT's segment structure. The main difference is in the division of fixed costs, which in the historical figures are weighted according to revenue and in the official figures are more accurately allocated according to each segments estimated true share of the fixed costs.

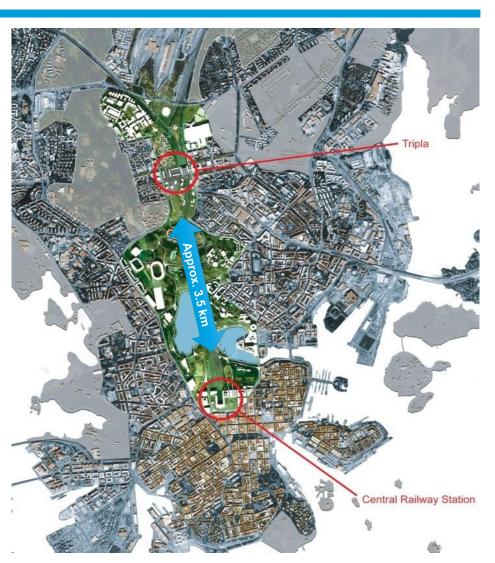
Tripla project supports growth in the coming years

Tripla project

- EUR 1 billion hybrid project consisting of offices, shopping and congress center, hotels, public transport terminal and apartments
- Combines the breadth of YIT know-how in different areas of construction
- Project length ~ 10 years, constructed in phases

The location

- Pasila is an excellent location approx. 3.5 km away from the Central Railway Station of Helsinki
- Connection point for all rail traffic in the Helsinki Metropolitan Area
- Daily people flow through Pasila railway station verges on 80,000
- 500,000 persons within the reach of 30 min by public transportation

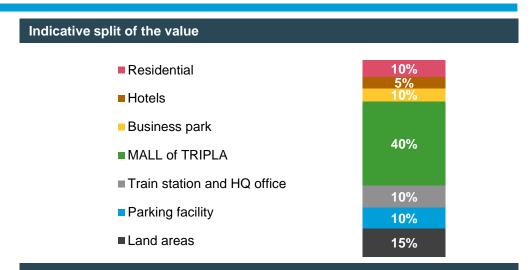


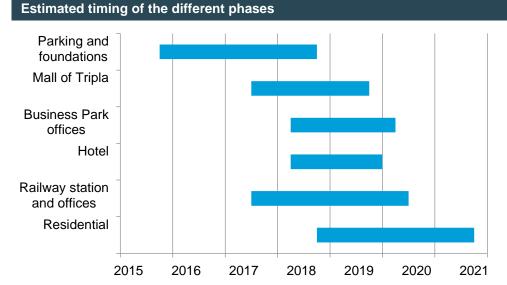
Tripla project: Pasila in the future



The Mall of Tripla investor deals closed in Q2

- YIT's final share of the joint venture 38.75%
- Valid building permits and required decisions from public authorities obtained
- Financing package of around EUR 300 million secured
- Project booked to the order backlog, revenue and profit recognition started
- Good interest from tenants over 30% of premises already rented out







Other major projects proceeding well



E18 Hamina-Vaalimaa motorway PPP project

- EUR 260 million*
- Construction started 6/2015 and to be opened for traffic in 2018
- Proceeding according to the plans (planning, preparations, sourcing, construction)
- Strong experience from previous projects - E18 Koskenkylä-Kotka (PPP), Hamina bypass, Ring Road I-III



Tampere light rail alliance project

- EUR ~100 million*
- Development phase started in 6/2015
- Construction phase expected to start in 2016
- Strong references of the alliance members key in winning the project
- Project estimated to be booked in the order backlog in H2/2016



Other significant projects won or started in 2016

- A significant office building project started in Helsinki city centre. Kasarmikatu (value not disclosed)
- Framework agreement signed on building nine care facilities in Finland, value EUR ~75 million
- Project management contract for construction of the Helsinki Central Library, value EUR ~50 million signed in July, not yet in the order backlog



Key financials



Key figures

EUR million	4-6/2016	4-6/2015	Change	1-6/2016	1-6/2015	Change	1-12/2015
Revenue	463.7	416.1	11%	826.1	791.0	4%	1,651.2
Operating profit	20.2	18.6	9%	32.2	39.1	-17%	65.7
Operating profit margin, %	4.3%	4.5%		3.9%	4.9%		4.0%
Adjusted operating profit	20.2	18.6	9%	32.2	39.1	-17%	76.0
Adjusted operating profit margin, %	4.3%	4.5%		3.9%	4.9%		4.6%
Order backlog	2,714.1	2,573.5	5%	2,714.1	2,573.5	5%	2,172.9
Profit before taxes	10.2	11.2	-9%	9.5	21.5	-56%	27.0
Profit for the review period*	7.9	8.4	-7%	7.3	16.3	-55%	20.0
Earnings per share, EUR	0.06	0.07	-7%	0.06	0.13	-55%	0.16
Operating cash flow after investments	26.2	113.3	-77%	1.1	128.4	-99%	183.7
Return on investment, last 12 months, %	5.0%	6.4%		5.0%	6.4%		5.3%
Equity ratio, %	36.4%	36.0%		36.4%	36.0%		35.5%
Interest-bearing net debt (IFRS)	556.6	587.3	-5%	556.6	587.3	-5%	529.0
Gearing (IFRS), %	104.8%	98.7%		104.8%	98.7%		101.1%
Personnel at the end of the period	5,632	5,847	-4%	5,632	5,847	-4%	5,340



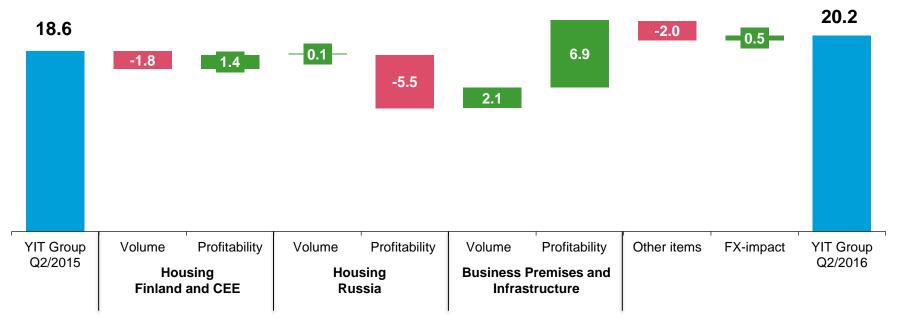
^{*}Attributable to equity holders of the parent company All figures according to segment reporting (POC), unless otherwise noted

Note: The adjusted operating profit does not include material reorganisation costs or impairment

EBIT-bridge Q2/2015 – Q2/2016

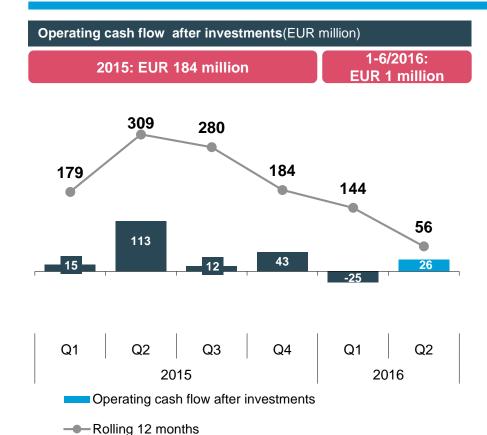
- Positive development in Business Premises and Infrastructure
- Profitability was disappointing in Russia

Adjusted operating profit (EUR million), change Q2/2015 - Q2/2016: 9%

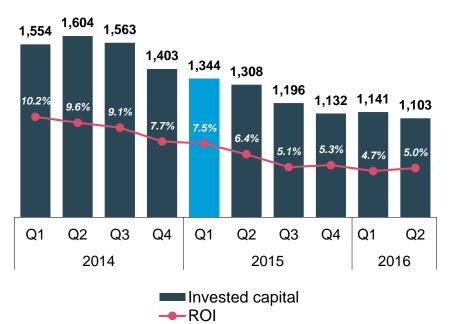




Cash flow after investments positive in Q2



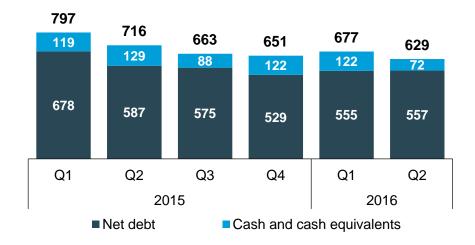




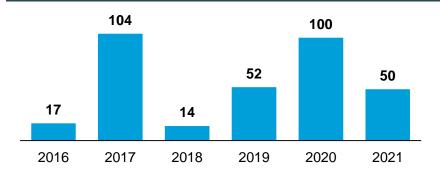


Net debt remained stable in Q2

Interest-bearing debt (EUR million), IFRS



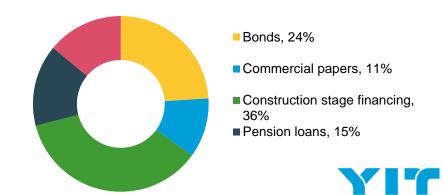
Maturity structure of long-term debt 6/2016 (EUR million)*



^{*} Excluding construction stage financing
YIT | 50 | Investor presentation, September 2016

- Strong liquidity buffer:
 - Cash and cash equivalents EUR 71.8 million
 - EUR 64.8 million overdraft facilities of which EUR 63.5 million undrawn
 - Undrawn committed revolving credit facility, EUR 300 million
- Unsecured EUR 50 million bond issued in March as a private placement
- Competitive financing package secured for the joint venture of Mall of Tripla in June
- EUR 100 million bond repaid at maturity in June

Debt portfolio at the end of the period 6/2016, EUR 628 million



Financial key ratios improved slightly

- Low number of residential project completions weakened the IFRS net debt / EBITDA ratio
- Positive translation difference in equity of EUR 19.1 million q-o-q
- Normalization of the cash position

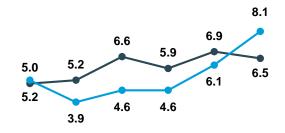
Gearing (%)

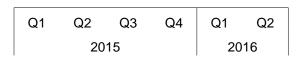
Equity ratio (%)

Net debt/EBITDA (Multiple, x)

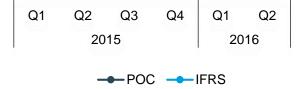












Financial covenant tied to gearing (maximum level of 150.0%, IFRS) in the syndicated RCF agreement and

→ POC → IFRS

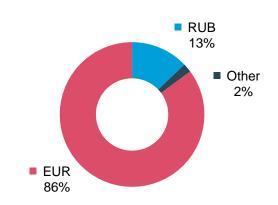
Financial covenant tied to the equity ratio (minimum level of 25.0%, IFRS) in bank loans, the syndicated RCF agreement and the bonds issued in 2015 and 2016.



in two bank loans.

Ruble strengthened in Q2

Revenue split 1-6/2016



Impact of changes in foreign exchange rates (EUR million)					
	Q2/2016	1-6/2016			
Revenue, POC ¹⁾	-15.2	-22.8			
EBIT, POC ¹⁾	0.5	0.9			
Order backlog, POC	30.32)	55.4 ³⁾			
Equity, IFRS (translation difference)	19.1 ²⁾	34.8 ³⁾			

- 1) Compared to the corresponding period in 2015
- 2) Compared to the end of previous quarter
- 3) Compared to the end of 2015

- The Russian ruble appreciated in Q2/2016
 - Average EUR/RUB rate in 1-6/2016: 78.33 (1-6/2015: 64.52)
 - Quarter-end EUR/RUB rate: 71.52 (Q1/2016: 76.31)

Principles of managing currency risks:

- Sales and project costs typically in same currency, all foreign currency items hedged → no transaction impact
- Currency positions affecting the income statement are hedged
 - Loans to subsidiaries in local currency, EUR 101.7 million in 6/2016 to Russian subsidiaries
- Equity and equity-like investments in foreign currency not hedged
 - · Considered to be of permanent nature
 - FX changes recognized as translation difference in equity
 - Exposure in Russian subsidiaries: EUR 240.2 million in 6/2016



8

Looking ahead and conclusions



Market outlook, expectations for 2016

Finland

- Consumer demand to improve slightly, but demand to focus on small and affordable apartments in growth centres
- Investor activity to remain on a good level in the residential market, but even more focus will be paid
 on the location
- Residential price polarisation between growth centres and other Finland
- · Availability of mortgages good
- Modest tenant interest for business premises, investor activity on a good level. Focus on prime locations in the Capital region
- · Business premises contracting to remain active
- Political support for new infrastructure projects to revitalise the infrastructure market
- · Lack of resources due to high construction activity

Russia

- · Weak visibility
- · Construction cost inflation to moderate
- · Residential prices stable in nominal terms
- Residential demand to focus on small and affordable apartments

CEE

- The improved economic situation to support residential and business premises demand
- · Access to financing to remain good and interest rates to remain on a low level
- Residential prices are estimated to increase in the Czech Republic, Slovakia and Lithuania, and to remain stable in Poland, Estonia and Latvia
- · Construction costs to increase slightly







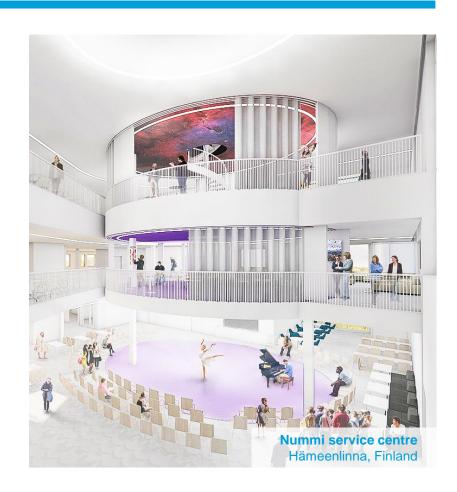
Guidance for 2016 (segment reporting, POC) specified

The Group revenue growth is estimated to be in the range of **5-10%** at comparable exchange rates.

The adjusted operating profit* is estimated to grow from the level of 2015 (2015: EUR 76.0 million).

Previously revenue growth was estimated to be in the range of 0-10% at comparable exchange rates.

- Over 60% of H2/2016 revenue from sold projects and signed preagreements. The rest from new sales and capital release
- In Business Premises and Infrastructure, the profit performance in H2/2016 is estimated to be on the level of H1/2016
- The demanding market environment in Russia is expected to keep the profitability of Housing Russia on a low level
- Similarly to the year 2015, investor projects' share of revenue is estimated to remain high in Housing Finland and CEE, which impacts the segment's adjusted operating profit margin negatively
- Capital release is expected to dilute the adjusted operating profit margin





^{*} The adjusted operating profit does not include material reorganisation costs or impairment

Concluding remarks

- Strong market position and long track record in healthy profitability and solid execution through economic cycles
- Good progress in improving capital efficiency and increasing financial operating space
- Improving profitability, growth initiatives and raising the capital efficiency further in focus going forward
- Growth opportunities especially in Business Premises and Infrastructure and in CEE, local unit established in Poland







Appendices



Appendices

- I. Additional financial information
- II. Housing indicators
- III. Business premises and infrastructure construction indicators
- IV. Ownership



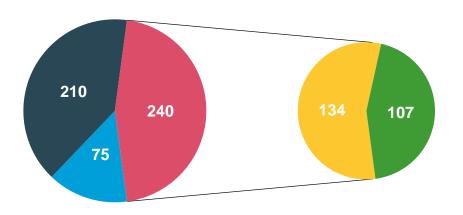


Additional financial information



Solid plot portfolio, a basis for growth and financial flexibility

Plot reserves in the balance sheet 6/2016, EUR 525 million





■ Housing Russia*

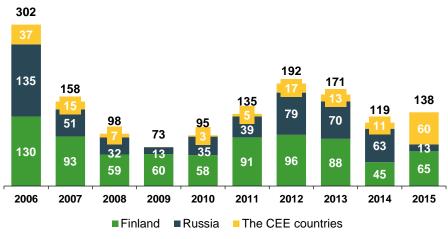
■ Housing Finland and CEE

Finland

■ The CEE countries



Cash flow of plot investments 2006-2015 (EUR million)





^{*}Includes Gorelovo industrial park

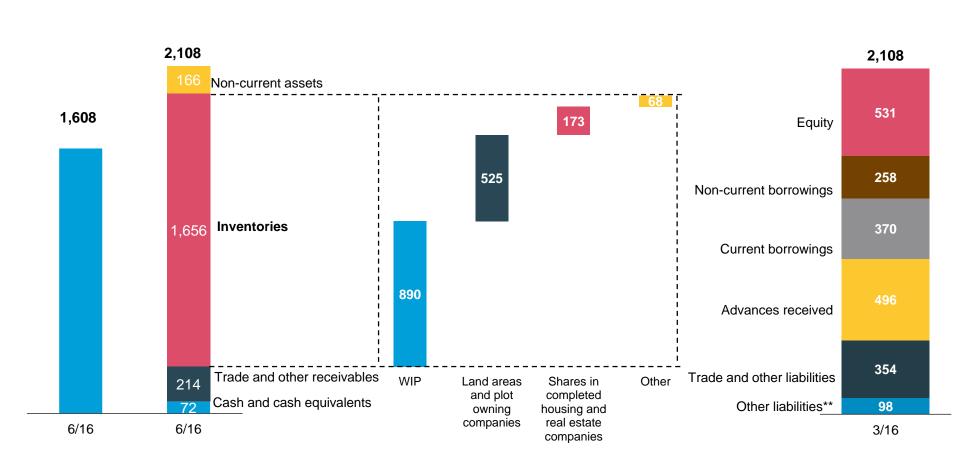
^{**} Calculated at the 12/2015 EUR/RUB exchange rate: 80.6736

Consolidated balance sheet June 30, 2016 (EUR million)

Revenue*

Assets - Inventories, WIP in particular, account for a major share

Equity and liabilities



Note: Figures based on Group reporting (IFRS)



^{*} Last 12 months

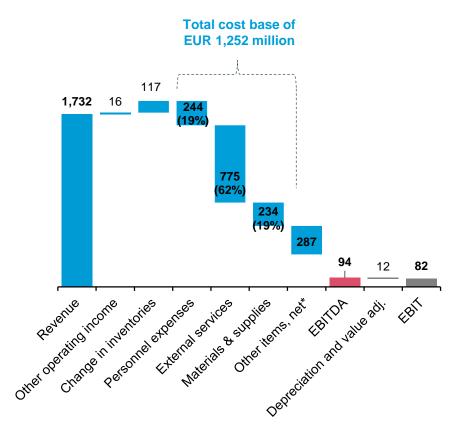
^{**} Includes deferred tax liabilities, pension obligations, provisions and other liabilities

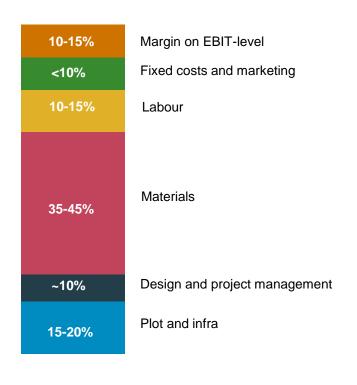
YIT's cost base in 2015

External services account for a major share of YIT's costs

IFRS, EUR million (% of cost base before EBITDA)

Indicative cost structure of a Finnish residential project







^{*)} Includes: Other operating expenses, share of results in associated companies and production for own use NOTE: Figures based on Group reporting (IFRS)

Construction stage financing

Financing of construction in a typical residential development project in Finland:

- YIT's subsidiary YIT Construction sells the contract receivables from Housing corporations (also owned by YIT) to financial institutions
 - Due upon completion
 - Sold in line with the progress of the project
- Customers' down payments 15% of value
- → Financing for construction

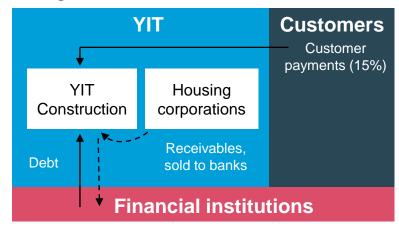
Limited refinancing risk:

- Sold receivables are included in current borrowings as they are linked to current assets. However, there is limited refinancing risk:
- Upon completion, Housing corporations pay for the construction by drawing housing corporation loans
 - 50-70% loan-to-value
 - +20 year maturities
 - The terms and conditions are agreed upon already when starting construction
- · Customers pay the rest of the sales price

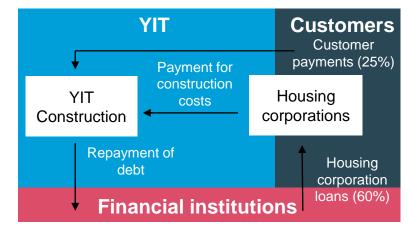
→ Refinancing of the sold receivables

After completion the unsold apartments are in YIT's balance sheet as shares in housing corporations. Their share in the housing corporation loans is included in current borrowings as the loans are linked to current assets.

During construction:



Upon completion:







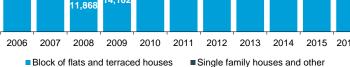
Housing indicators



Finland – Start-ups expected to decreases slightly in 2016

35,573 32,033 33,525 32,807 31,300 30,500 29,500 27,778 26,273 6,200 6,300 6,600

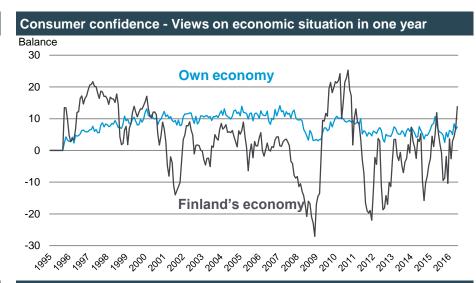
21,048 21,193 <u>20,070</u> 19,661 19,403

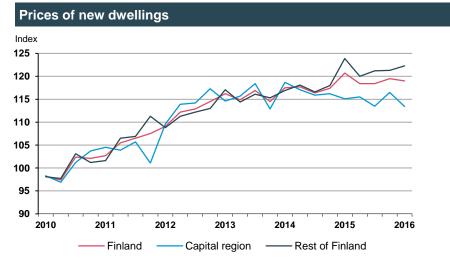


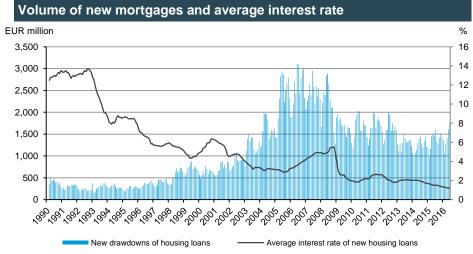
14,102

19.042

16,696





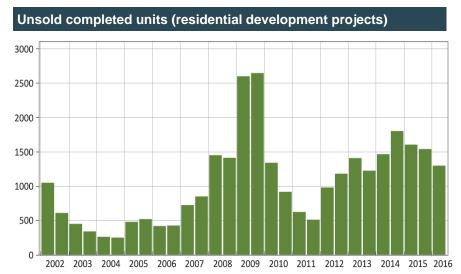


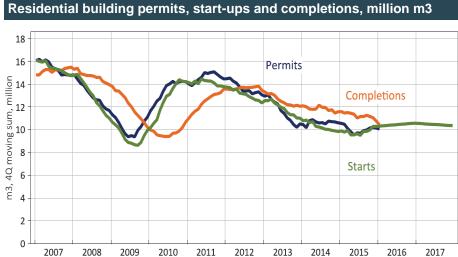
Sources: Residential start-ups: 2006-2014 Statistics Finland; 2015 - 2017E Euroconstruct, Consumer confidence: Statistics Finland, Residential prices: Statistics Finland, Loans and Interest rates: Bank of Finland

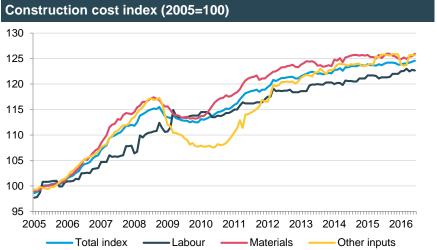
25,100 24,200 _{22,9}00

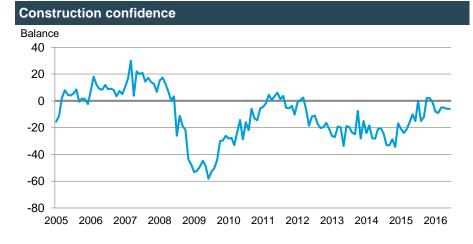


Housing indicators have improved slightly in Finland





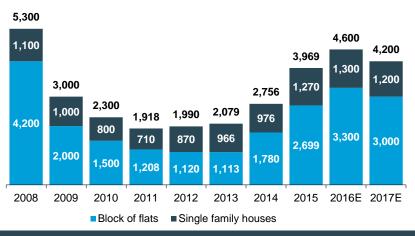




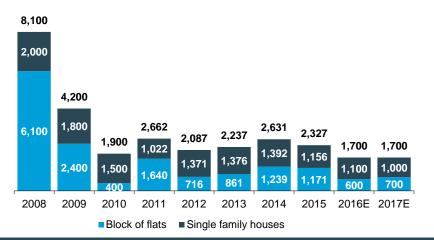
Unsold completed units: Confederation of Finnish Construction Industries RT, Residential building permits, Start-ups and completions: Confederation of Finnish Construction Industries RT, Construction cost index: Statistics Finland, Construction confidence: Confederation of Finnish Industries EK

The Baltic countries – Residential construction is expected to level off

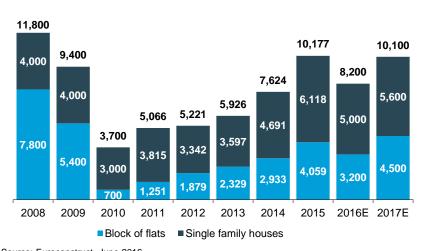
Residential completions in Estonia, units



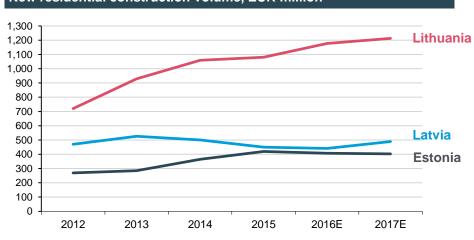
Residential completions in Latvia, units



Residential completions in Lithuania, units



New residential construction volume, EUR million

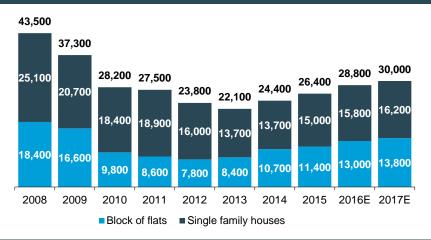


Source: Euroconstruct, June 2016

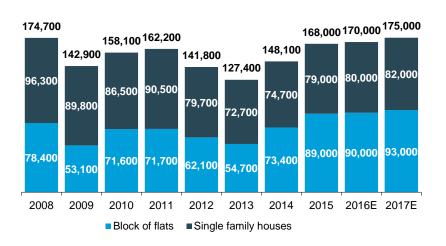


The Czech Republic, Slovakia and Poland – Start-ups forecasted to increase in The Czech Republic and Poland

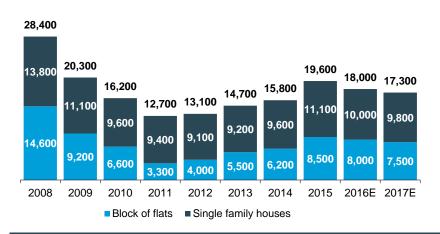
Residential start-ups in the Czech Republic, units



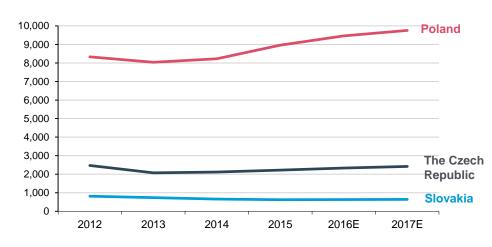
Residential start-ups in Poland, units

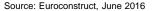


Residential start-ups in Slovakia, units



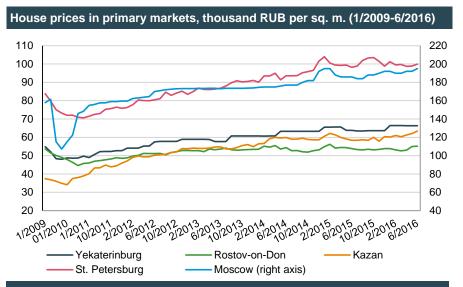
New residential construction volume, EUR million





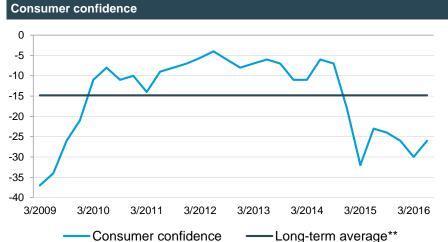


Russia – Housing indicators



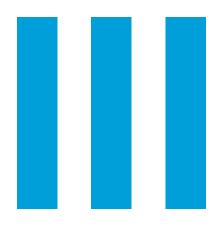


Inflation in building materials 6/2011-5/2016 12% 10% 8% 6% 4% 2% 6/2011 12/2011 6/2012 12/2012 6/2013 12/2013 6/2014 12/2014 6/2015 12/2015



Sources: House prices: YIT, New residential construction volume: Forecon, June 2016, Inflation in building materials: PMR Construction review, June 2016, Consumer confidence: Bloomberg

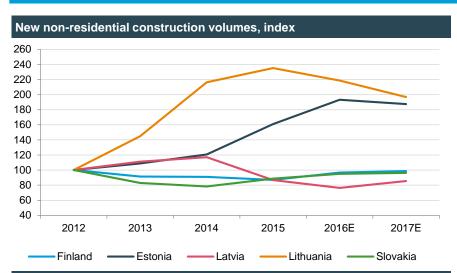


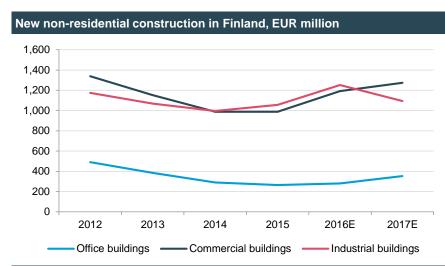


Business premises and infrastructure construction indicators

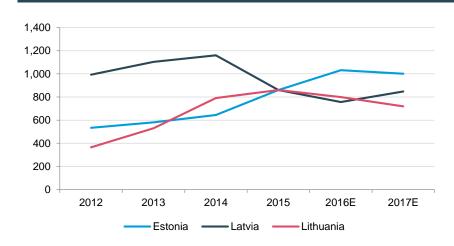


New non-residential construction forecasted to pick up slightly in Finland, Estonia and Slovakia in 2016

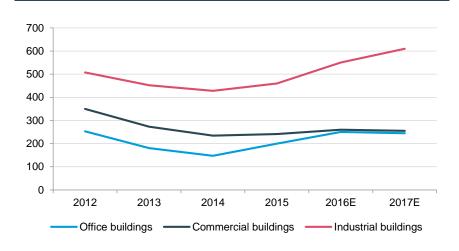




New non-residential construction in the Baltic countries, EUR million



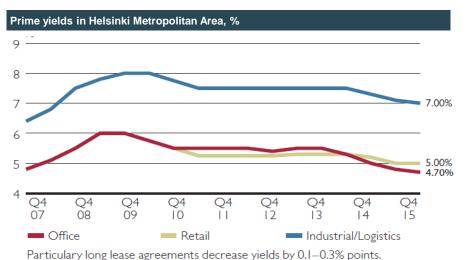
New non-residential construction in Slovakia, EUR million



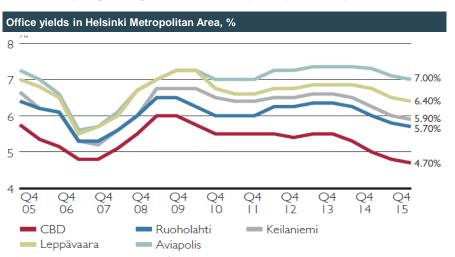
Sources: Euroconstruct and Forecon, June 2016

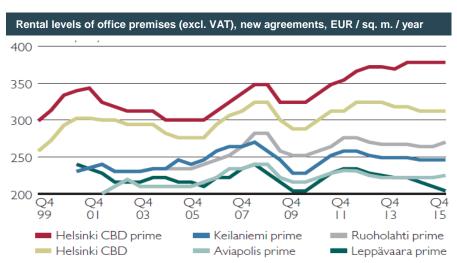


Finland – Prime yields expected to decrease slightly







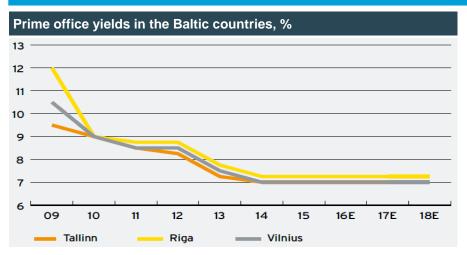


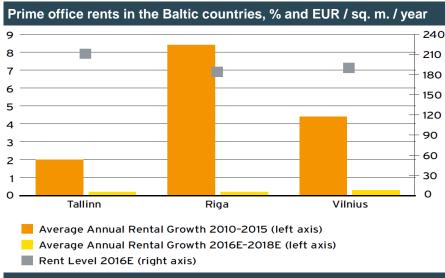
Particulary long lease agreements decrease yields by 0.1–0.3% points.

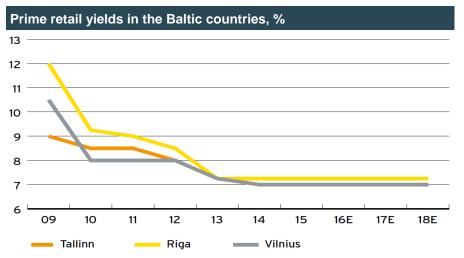
Source: Catella Finland Market Indicator, March 2016

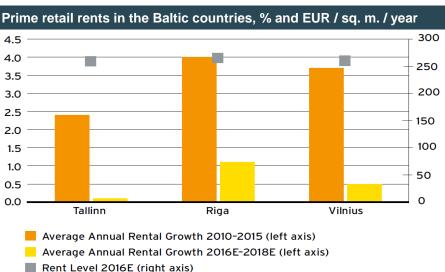


The Baltic countries - Yields are expected to remain stable







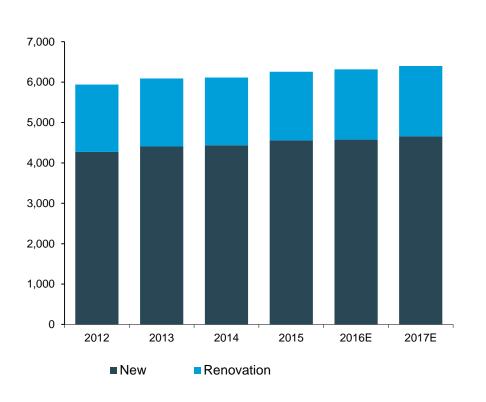


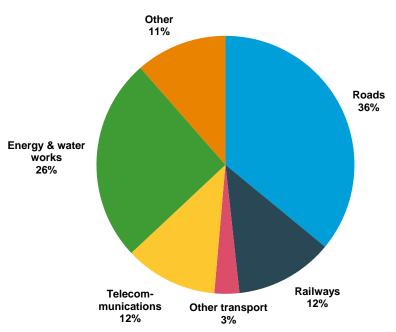
Source: Newsec Property Outlook, March 2016

Infrastructure construction in Finland– Market expected to remain stable in 2016

Infrastructure market in Finland, EUR million

Infrastructure sectors in Finland (2015)







Ownership



YIT's major shareholders

Aug	ust 31, 2016		
	Shareholder	Shares	% of shares
1	Varma Mutual Pension Insurance Company	12,000,000	9.43
2	OP Funds	5,879,489	4.62
3	Herlin Antti	4,710,180	3.70
4	Elo Mutual Pension Insurance Company	3,335,468	2.62
5	Danske Invest Funds	2,604,253	2.05
6	The State Pension Fund	2,600,000	2.04
7	Nordea funds	1,872,365	1.47
8	YIT Oyj	1,646,767	1.29
9	Etera Mutual Pension Insurance Company	1,410,000	1.11
10	Mandatum Life Insurance Company Ltd.	1,000,000	0.79
	10 largest, total	37,058,522	29.12
	Nominee registered	32,447,320	25.50
	Other shareholders	56,074,516	44.08
	Total	127,223,422	100.00



12/2009

12/2011

12/2010

Non-Finnish ownership, % of share capital

12/2012

12/2013

12/2014

8/2016

12/2015

12/2004

12/2005

12/2006

12/2007

Nr of shareholders

12/2008

12/2003

12/2002

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